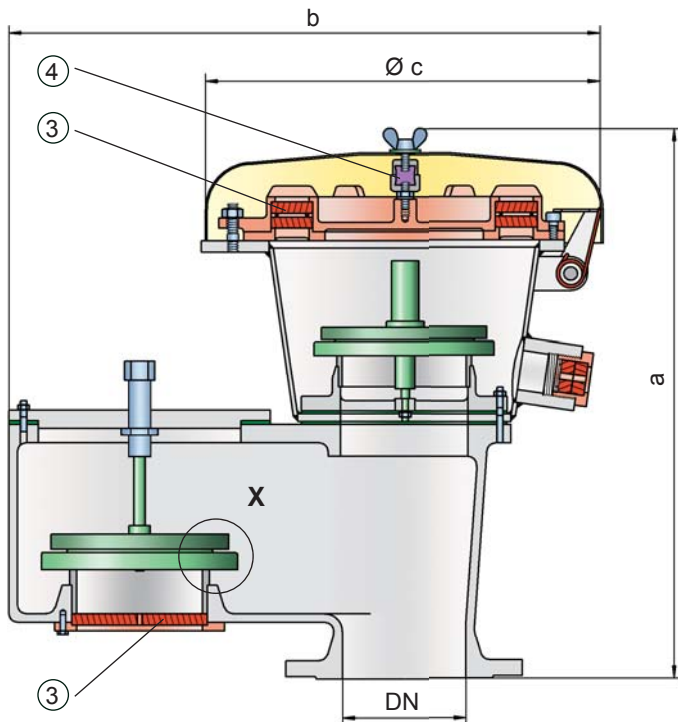


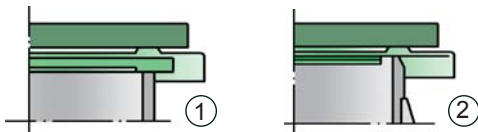
Pressure/Vacuum Relief Valve

deflagration- and endurance burning-proof

PROTEGO® VD/SV-HR



Detail X



Settings:

pressure:	+3.5 mbar	up to +35 mbar
	+1.4 inch W.C.	up to +14 inch W.C.
vacuum:	-2.0 mbar	up to -35 mbar
	-0.8 inch W.C.	up to -14 inch W.C.

Higher and lower settings upon request

Function and Description

The deflagration-proof and endurance burning-proof VD/SV-HR type PROTEGO® valve is a highly developed combined pressure/vacuum relief valve for high flow capacities with an integrated flame arrester. It is primarily used as a safety device for flame-transmission-proof in- and outbreathing in tanks, containers and process engineering apparatus. The valve offers reliable protection against excess pressure and vacuum, preventing outbreathing of product vapour and inbreathing of air almost up to the set pressure and also protects against atmospheric deflagration as well as endurance burning if stabilized burning occurs. The PROTEGO® flame arrester unit is designed to achieve minimum pressure drop with maximum safety. The deflagration and endurance burning proof PROTEGO® VD/SV-HR device is available for substances from explosion groups IIA to IIB3 (NEC group D to C MESH ≥ 0.65 mm).

If the set pressure is reached for a valve approved for explosion Group IIA (NEC group D), the valve starts to open and reaches full lift within 10% overpressure. This unique 10% technology enables a set pressure that is only 10% below the maximum allowable working pressure (MAWP) of the tank. After years of development, this typical opening characteristic of a safety relief valve is now also available for the low pressure range. Valves approved for explosion group IIB3 (NEC group C) function proportionally, so the set pressures should be selected in relation to the proportional behaviour (such as a 10%, 40%, or 100%

overpressure from the set pressure to the relieving pressure at which the required flow performance is reached).

The tank pressure is maintained up to set pressure with a tightness that is far superior to the conventional standard due to our state of the art manufacturing technology. This feature is ensured by the valve seats made of high quality stainless steel and with individually lapped valve pallets (1) or with an air cushion seal (2) in conjunction with high quality FEP diaphragm. The valve pallets are also available with a PTFE seal to prevent the valve pallets from sticking when sticky products are used and to enable the use of corrosive fluids. After the excess pressure is discharged, the valve reseats and provides a tight seal.

If the set pressure is exceeded, explosive gas/product-vapour air mixtures are released to the atmosphere. If this mixture ignites, the integrated PROTEGO® flame arrester unit (3) prevents flame transmission into the tank. If additional mixture continues to flow and stabilized burning occurs, the integrated flame arrester unit prevents flashback as a result from endurance burning. The valve is protected and also fulfils its function under this severe service conditions. The spring loaded weather hood opens as soon as the fusible element (4) melts.

The valve can be used up to an operating temperature of +60°C / 140°F and meets the requirements of European tank design standard EN 14015 – Appendix L and ISO 28300 (API 2000).

Type-approved in accordance with the current ATEX Directive and EN ISO 16852 as well as other international standards.

Special Features and Advantages

- requires only 10% overpressure to full lift for explosion group IIA (NEC group D) vapours
- through 10% technology higher set pressures can be used which results in product loss reduction compared to conventional 40% and 100% overpressure technology vents (compare API 2000)
- more design flexibility through higher reseating pressures; vents reseal when conventional vent is still discharging costly product or nitrogen
- the valve disc is guided within the housing to protect against harsh weather conditions
- high performance seal reducing product loss below EPA's 500ppm rule preventing environmental pollution
- can be used as protective system according to ATEX in areas subject to explosion hazards
- safe against deflagration and endurance burning for explosion group IIA and IIB3 (NEC group D and C) vapours
- high flow capacity through large FLAMEFILTER® cross-section, results in low pressure drop
- FLAMEFILTER® provides protection against atmospheric deflagration and endurance burning
- FLAMEFILTER® integrated into the valve saves space, weight and reduces cost
- FLAMEFILTER® protected from clogging caused by product vapours
- flame transmission proof condensate drain
- maintenance friendly design
- modular design enables individual FLAMEFILTERS® and valve pallets to be replaced

Design and Specifications

Any combination of vacuum and pressure levels can be set for the valve.

The valve discs are weight-loaded.

Pressure/vacuum relief valve, basic design **VD/SV-HR**

Additional special devices available upon request

Table 1: Dimensions

Dimensions in mm / inches

To select the nominal size (DN), please use the flow capacity charts on the following pages

DN	80 / 3"	100 / 4"
a	500 / 19.69	543 / 21.38
b	477 / 18.78	577 / 22.72
c	353 / 13.90	353 / 13.90

Table 2: Selection of explosion group

MESG	Expl. Gr. (IEC/CEN)	Gas Group (NEC)
> 0,90 mm	IIA	D
≥ 0,65 mm	IIB3	C

Special approvals upon request

Table 3: Material selection for housing

Design	A	B
Housing	Steel	Stainless Steel
Valve seats	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel
Gasket	PTFE	PTFE
Weather hood	Steel	Stainless Steel
Flame arrester unit	A	A

Option: Housing with ECTFE-lining
Special materials upon request

Table 4: Material combination of flame arrester unit

Design	A
FLAMEFILTER® cage	Stainless Steel
FLAMEFILTER®	Stainless Steel

Special materials upon request

Table 5: Material selection for pressure valve pallet

Design	A	B	C	D
Pressure range (mbar) (inch W.C.)	+3.5 up to +5.0 +1.4 up to +2.0	>+5.0 up to +14 >+2.0 up to +5.6	>+14 up to +35 >+5.6 up to +14	>+14 up to +35 >+5.6 up to +14
Valve pallet	Aluminium	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel
Sealing	FEP	FEP	Metal to Metal	PTFE

Special material as well as higher set pressure upon request

Table 6: Material selection for vacuum valve pallet

Design	A	B	C	D
Vacuum range (mbar) (inch W.C.)	-2.0 up to -3.5 -0.8 up to -1.4	<-3.5 up to -14 <-1.4 up to -5.6	<-14 up to -35 <-5.6 up to -14	<-14 up to -35 <-5.6 up to -14
Valve pallet	Aluminium	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel
Sealing	FEP	FEP	Metal to Metal	PTFE

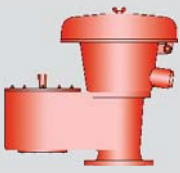
Special material as well as higher set vacuum upon request

Table 7: Flange connection type

EN 1092-1; Form B1	other types upon request
ASME B16.5; 150 lbs RFSF	



for safety and environment

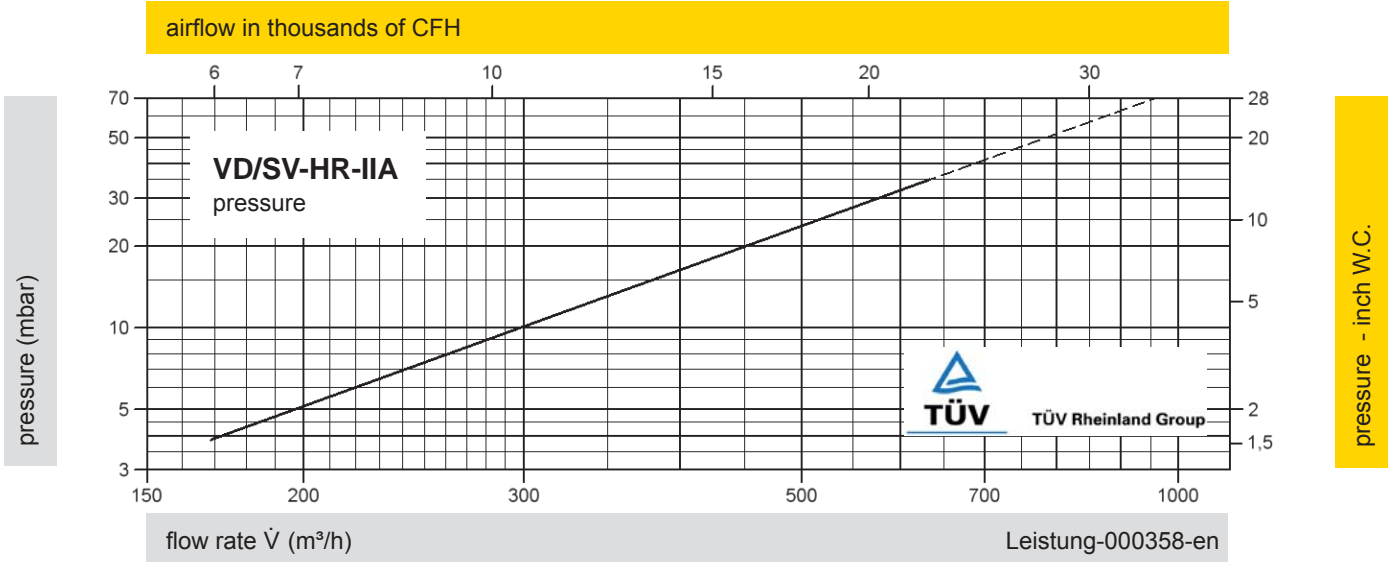


Pressure/Vacuum Relief Valve

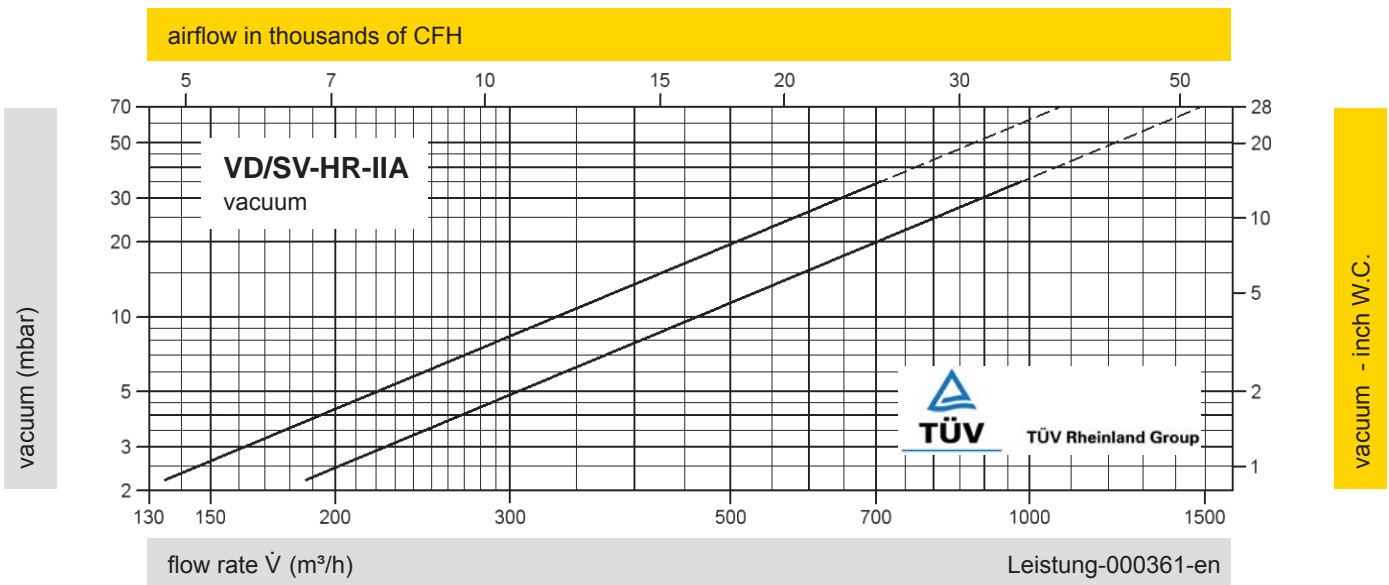
Flow Capacity Charts

PROTEGO® VD/SV-HR

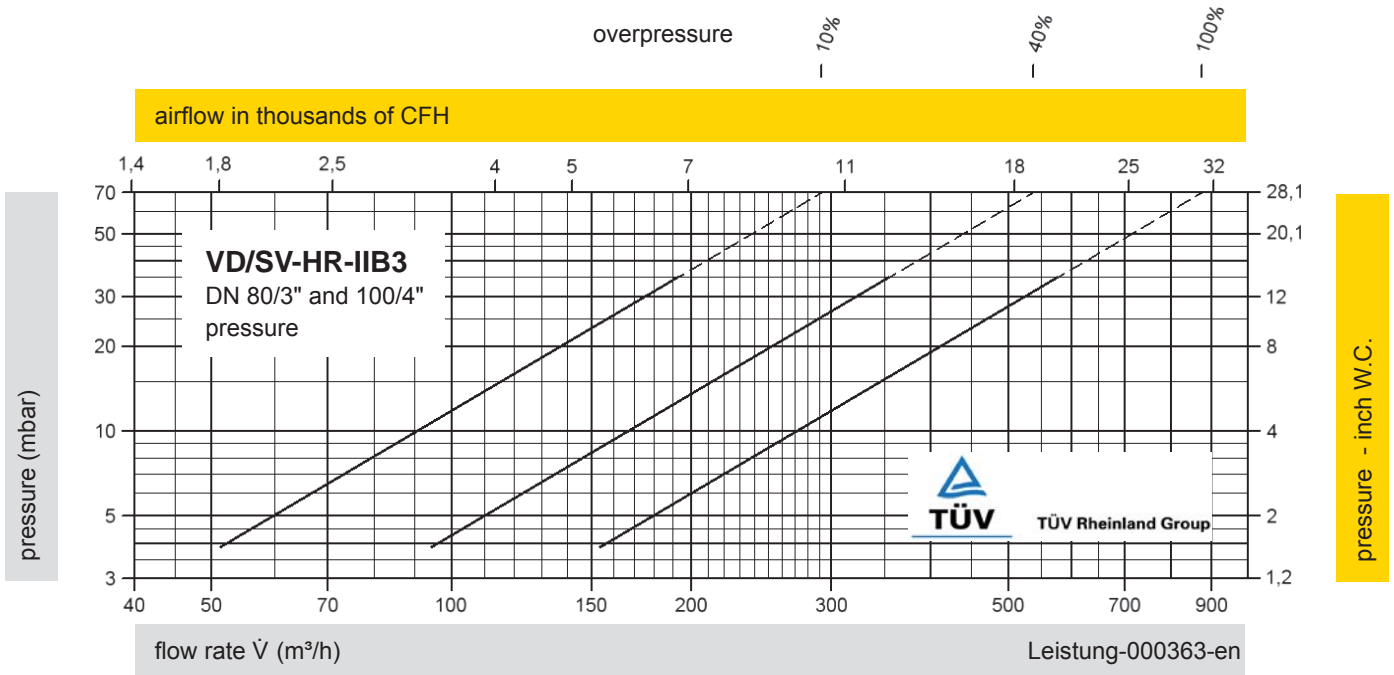
DN 80 / 3"
DN 100 / 4"



DN 80 / 3"
DN 100 / 4"



The flow capacity charts have been determined with a calibrated and TÜV certified flow capacity test rig. Volume flow \dot{V} in (m³/h) and CFH refer to the standard reference conditions of air ISO 6358 (20°C, 1bar). Conversion to other densities and temperatures refer to Vol. 1: "Technical Fundamentals".



Remark

$$\text{set pressure} = \frac{\text{opening pressure resp. tank design pressure}}{1 + \frac{\text{overpressure \%}}{100\%}}$$

Set pressure = the valve starts to open

Opening pressure = set pressure plus overpressure

Overpressure % = percentage pressure increase over the set pressure

